## **WEST Search History**

DATE: Tuesday, December 16, 2003

| Set Name Query side by side              |  | Hit Count Set Name |            |
|--|--|--------------------|------------|
| DB=USPT,PGPB,JPAB,DWPI; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ |  |                    | result set |
| L9                                       | 11 same endothelial cell same connective tissue                | 2                  | L9         |
| L8                                       | L7 and (collagen or VEGF)                                      | 317                | L8         |
| L7                                       | 11 and endothelial cell and connective tissue and angiogenesis | 317                | L7         |
| L6                                       | 11 same in vitro   | 5                  | L6         |
| L5                                       | 13 and L4  | 14                 | L5         |
| L4                                       | culture near3 in vitro   | 892                | L4         |
| L3                                       | L1 and angiogen\$  | 417                | L3         |
| L2                                       | L1 same microvessel  | 1                  | L2         |
| L1                                       | artificial near3 skin  | 2644               | L1         |

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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1521 ARTIFICIAL (3A) SKIN
$%^STN;HighlightOn= ***;HighlightOff=***;
                                                                                                         => s I1 and (angiogen? or vessel or microvessel)
L2 98 L1 AND (ANGIOGEN? OR VESSEL OR MICROVESSEL)
                                                                                                         Welcome to STN International! Enter x:
Welcome to STN International! Enter x:
                                                                                                         => s I2 and hMVEC
LOGINID:ssspta1633cxq
                                                                                                                   0 L2 AND HMVEC
PASSWORD
TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2
                                                                                                         => s I2 and epithelium
                                                                                                                   7 L2 AND EPITHELIUM
******* Welcome to STN International ********
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                                                                                                         PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
                                                                                                                    7 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 NEWS 1
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
                   Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
 NEWS 2
 NEWS 3 SEP 09 CA/CAplus records now contain indexing from 1907 to the
                                                                                                         => d bib abs 1-
                                                                                                          YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 7 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? YI(N):y
             present
 NEWS 4 AUG 05 New pricing for EUROPATFULL and PCTFULL effective
                                                                                                         L6 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 August 1, 2003
NEWS 5 AUG 13 Field Availability (/FA) field enhanced in BEILSTEIN
                                                                                                          AN 2003:261714 CAPLUS
NEWS 6 AUG 18 Data available for download as a PDF in RDISCLOSURE NEWS 7 AUG 18 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to PASCAL
                                                                                                         DN 138 292821
                                                                                                          TI Method of preparing basement membrane, method of constructing basement
 NEWS 8 AUG 18 FROSTI and KOSMET enhanced with Simultaneous Left and
                                                                                                             membrane specimen, reconstituted artificial tissue using the basement
                                                                                                             membrane specimen and process for producing the same
                                                                                                          IN Mochitate Katsumi
NEWS 9 AUG 18 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to ANABSTR NEWS 10 SEP 22 DIPPR file reloaded
                                                                                                         PA Japan Science and Technology Corporation, Japan SO PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.
 NEWS 11 DEC 08 INPADOC: Legal Status data reloaded
NEWS 12 SEP 29 DISSABS now available on STN
NEWS 13 OCT 10 PCTFULL: Two new display fields added
                                                                                                            CODEN: PIXXD2
                                                                                                         DT Patent
                                                                                                          LA Japanese
 NEWS 14 OCT 21 BIOSIS file reloaded and enhanced NEWS 15 OCT 28 BIOSIS file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded and enhanced
                                                                                                         FAN.CNT 3
                                                                                                            PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                               KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
 NEWS 16 NOV 24 MSDS-CCOHS file reloaded
NEWS 17 DEC 08 CABA reloaded with left truncation
                                                                                                         PI WO 2003026712 A1 20030403 WO 2002-JP9841 20020925
 NEWS 18 DEC 08 IMS file names changed
 NEWS 19 DEC 09 Experimental property data collected by CAS now available in REGISTRY
                                                                                                               RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
                                                                                                                  LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR
                                                                                                            JP 2003093050 A2 20030402
JP 2003093053 A2 20030402
 NEWS 20 DEC 09 STN Entry Date available for display in REGISTRY and
                                                                                                                                                      JP 2001-292510 20010925
CA/CAplus
                                                                                                                                                     JP 2001-292676 20010925
NEWS 21 DEC 17 DGENE: Two new display fields added NEWS 22 DEC 18 BIOTECHNO no longer updated NEWS 23 DEC 19 CROPU no longer updated; subscriber discount no longer
                                                                                                             JP 2003169846
                                                                                                                               A2 20030617
                                                                                                                                                      JP 2002-278243 20020924
                                                                                                             JP 2003169847
                                                                                                                               A2 20030617
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                                                                                                         PRAI JP 2001-292510 A
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available
NEWS 24 DEC 22 Additional INPI reactions and pre-1907 documents added to
                                                                                                            JP 2001-292675 A
JP 2001-292676 A
                                                                                                                                    20010925
20010925
                                                                                                             JP 2001-292677
                                                                                                                                     20010925
                                                                                                            JP 2002-278243 A 20020924
JP 2002-278244 A 20020924
             databases
 NEWS 25 DEC 22 IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB reloaded with new data and search
                                                                                                         AB A basement membrane is formed by culturing cells on a substrate wherein
 NEWS 26 DEC 22 ABI-INFORM now available on STN
                                                                                                            the basal face of cells capable of forming a basement membrane has been coated with a polymer having a sugar chain capable of localizing a
                                                                                                            receptor having an effect of accumulating basement membrane-constituting components. The basement membrane specimen is constructed by treating
 NEWS EXPRESS NOVEMBER 14 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01c,
          MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 23 SEPTEMBER 2003
                                                                                                             cells, which are capable of forming a basement membrane and have been
                                                                                                             adhered to a support via the basement membrane, with a surfactant to
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER General Internet Information
                                                                                                             solubilize lipid components of the cells and solubilizing proteins
                                                                                                            remaining on the basement membrane surface with the use of a mixt. of an alkali soln, with a protease inhibitor. An artificial tissue is obtained
 NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
                                                                                                             by inoculating and culturing desired cells capable of forming a basement
                                                                                                            membrane. Using a hydrophobic bond adsorption polymer having a linear carbon skeleton with a hydrophobic nature and a functional group capable
Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that
                                                                                                            of reacting with a protein (for example, an alternate copolymer of Me vinyl ether with maleic anhydride), a protein support is tentatively
specific topic.
                                                                                                            adhered to a plastic surface and a basement membrane specimen or an artificial tissue is formed thereon. Thus, the protein support carrying
 All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer
 agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific
                                                                                                             the basement membrane specimen or the artificial tissue thereon can be
 research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may
                                                                                                            phys. sepd. from the plastic surface when needed. Sugar chain-contg. vinyl polymer (PV-GluNAc, PV-CA, or PV-Lam) was applied to fibrous
 result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.
                                                                                                            collagen gel formed on a polyethylene terephthalate membrane in a culture
                                                                                                            well for culture of human pulmonary artery vascular endothelial cells to
 obtain a basement membrane
                                                                                                         RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:49:06 ON 23 DEC 2003
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=> FIL BIOSIS EMBASE CAPLUS
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                                TOTAL
                                               SINCE FILE
                                    ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                                                                         DN 139:12220
                                                                                                            Engineered animal skin tissue
FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:49:10 ON 23 DEC 2003
                                                                                                            Martins-Green, Manuela; Li, Qijing
                                                                                                         PA The Regents of the University of California, USA SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 41 pp. CODEN: USXXCO
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRAÇTS INC.(R)
FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:49:10 ON 23 DEC 2003
                                                                                                         DT Patent
LA English
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:49:10 ON 23 DEC 2003
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                                                                                                         FAN.CNT 1
                                                                                                                               KIND DATE
                                                                                                            PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
                                                                                                         PI US 2003109920 A1 20030612
                                                                                                                                                      US 2001-12194 20011206
                                                                                                         PRAI US 2001-12194
                                                                                                                                       20011206
                                                                                                         AB An in vitro, three dimensional artificial tissue that resembles human skin
=> s artificial (3a) skin
```

has been developed. Microvascular endothelial cells from human adult lung were sandwiched between two layers of human dermal fibroblasts in three dimensional collagen gels. The sandwich was covered with keratinocytes The cultures were self-maintained for prolonged periods of time without the addn. of tumor promoters such as phorbol esters. Over a few days, the keratinocytes developed into a multilayered \*\*\*epithelium\*\*\* Microvessels were produced in the support matrix. The microvessels were composed of a tight monolayer of endothelial cells surrounded by a continuous basal lamina, contacted by newly formed, sparse perioendothelial cells. The microvessels also contained newly formed blood rells. Human matrix mole, characteristic of skip ware produced. blood cells. Human matrix mols, characteristic of skin were produced. This artificial tissue is an in vitro system that closely resembles human skin, and provides both a powerful model to study cellular and mol mechanisms involved in skin development and replacement and a basis for a new generation skin replacement product.

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L6 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2002:615807 CAPLUS
DN 137:165826
```

Method of isolating epithelial cells, method of preconditioning cells, and methods of preparing bioartificial skin and dermis with the epithelial cells or the preconditioned cells

IN Son, Young-Sook; Park, Hyun-Sook; Kim, Chun-Ho; Kang, Hyun-Ju; Kim, Chang-Hwan; Kim, Youn-Young; Choi, Young-Ju; Lee, Su-Hyun; Gin, Yong-Jae Korea Atomic Energy Research Institute, S. Korea

SO PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2002062971 A1 20020815 WO 2001-KR1873 20011106
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
RR 2001-47723 A 20010808
AB A method of isolating epithelial cells from a human skip fiscula of

AB A method of isolating epithelial cells from a human skin tissue or internal organ tissue using trypsin and EDTA simultaneously with the application of magnetic stirring, a method of preconditioning isolated biol, cells by the application of phys. stimulus, i.e., strain, are provided. Epithelial cells can be isolated by the method with increased yield, colony forming efficiency (CFE), and colony size. Also, the increased percentage of stem cells in isolated cells is advantageous in therapeutic tissue implantation by autologous or allogeneic transplantation. In skin cells preconditioned by the application of strain, cell division is facilitated, and the secretion of extracellular matrix components and growth factors and the activity of matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) are improved. When preconditioned cells are implanted by autologous or allogeneic transplantation to heal a damaged tissue, the improved cell adhesion, mobility, and viability provides a biol. adjustment effect against a variety of stresses or phys. stimuli which the cells would undergo after implantation, with improved capability

of integration into host tissue, thereby markedly improving the probability of success in skin grafting.

CONT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECNT 6 RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN 2002:695600 CAPLUS

DN 137:206523

Till Substances that promote wound healing by inhibition of cell apoptosis and application to \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* tissues

Freyberg, Mark Andre; Friedl, Peter; Kaiser, Dirk

PA Cytotools G.m.b.H., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 34 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent LA German

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

A1 20020912 A2 20021024 A3 20031002 PI DE 10109136 DE 2001-10109136 20010226 WO 2002083160 WO 2002-EP1828 20020221 WO 2002083160

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ. TM

(CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1368052 A2 20031210 EP 2002-761890 20020221
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
PRAI DE 2001-10109136 A 20010226
WO 2002-EP1828 W 20020221
AB The invention concerns wound healing substances that bind either to IAP, integrin .alpha.v.beta.3 or thrombospondin-1 in a way that the binding between thrombospondin-1 and IAP and/or integrin .alpha.v.beta.3 becomes inhibited. Various cell cultures can be established that express integrin .alpha.v.beta.3 and IAP anontosis-inducing agents are added: test alpha.v.beta.3 and IAP; apoptosis-inducing agents are added; test substances are screened for apoptosis inhibition. Substances are selected from apoptosis-specific calcium flux blockers, e.g. bFGF, peptides, antibodies. The substances and method can be used in tissue engineering for skin transplants.

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L6 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2003:878437 CAPLUS
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AN 2003.07647 CAPLUS

TI Biomaterials for plastic and reconstructive surgery

AU Suzuki, Shigehiko; Ito, Osamu; Muneuchi, Gan; Kawazoe, Takeshi

CS Department of Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, Kagawa Medical

University, Ikenobe, Miki-cho, Kagawa, 761-0793, Japan

SO Recent Research Developments in Biomaterials (2002), 253-274. Editor(s):

Ikada, Yoshito. Publisher: Research Signpost, Trivandrum, India. CODEN: 69ESA9; ISBN: 81-7736-123-6

DT Conference

LA English

LA English

B In plastic and reconstructive surgery, various biomaterials are used clin.

We describe these biomaterials, dividing this chapter into four sections;

2. Materials for implantation, 3. Wound dressings and

\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

A Reconstruction of skin and hair, and 5. Materials for \*

\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*skin\*\*\*

\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

\*\*\*skin\*\*\*

\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

\*\*\*skin\*\*\*

\*\*\*artificial\*\*\*

\*\*\*artif hair. Materials for hand surgery, microsurgery and craniofacial surgery include artificial nail, small-caliber artificial \*\*\*vessel\*\*\*, artificial nerve and miniplate, callotasis

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2001:396524 CAPLUS

DN 135:1281

TI Vectors capable of immortalizing non-dividing cells, cells immortalized with said vectors and their use IN Occhidoro, Teresa; Salmon, Patrick; Trono, Didier

PA Universite de Geneve, Switz. SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI EP 1103615 A1 20010530 EP 1999-123498 19991125 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO WO 2001038548 A2 20010531 WO 2001038548 A3 20011018

WO 2000-EP11723 20001124

WO 2001038548 A3 20011018

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1244798 A2 20021002 EP 2000-989980 20001124

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2003514565 T2 20030422 JP 2001-539890 20001124

PRAI EP 1999-123498 A 19991125

WO 2000-EP11723 W 20001124

AB A vector encoding at least one immortalization mol. which is capable of transporting a transgene into the nucleus of a slowly growing or

transporting a transgene into the nucleus of a slowly growing or transporting a transgene into the nucleus of a slowly growing or nondividing cell and stably integrating said transgene into the genome of the cell is disclosed. Immortalized cells produced with such vectors and the use of these cells, e.g., immortalized beta, cells to prep. an artificial pancreas, to immortalized keratinocytes to produce skin, or immortalized B cells produce monoclonal antibodies, are also disclosed. Thus, HIV-1-based vectors encoding the SV40 large T antigen or telomerase were used to immortalized liver sinusoidal endothelial cells. These cells have been maintained in culture for 9 mo (>60 passages) and have maintained features typical of these cells. The vectors contain loxP sites so that the immortalizing gene can be removed upon exposure to Cre recombinase.

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RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                                                                                                                  => s i2 and mononuclear cell
RECORD
            ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
                                                                                                                                              0 L2 AND MONONUCLEAR CELL
L6 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
                                                                                                                                  => s I2 and mononuclear
                                                                                                                                              0 L2 AND MONONUCLEAR
AN 1999:77667 CAPLUS
      130:136300
                                                                                                                                  => d his
TI Methods for the preparation of artificial cellular tissue using matrix
     metalloproteinase inhibitors
 IN Wolowacz, Richard; Wolowacz, Sorrel; Sheridan, Julie Marie
                                                                                                                                      (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:49:06 ON 23 DEC 2003)
PA Smith & Nephew PLC, UK SO PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
                                                                                                                                      FILE 'BIOSIS, EMBASE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:49:10 ON 23 DEC 2003
                                                                                                                                             1521 S ARTIFICIAL (3A) SKIN
98 S L1 AND (ANGIOGEN? OR VESSEL OR MICROVESSEL)
0 S L2 AND HUMAN ADULT LUNG MICROVASCULAR CELL
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
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 LA English
FAN CNT 1
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                                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                                                                                                               7 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
1 S L2 AND PERIOENDOTHELIAL
                                                                                                                                  L6
PI WO 9903979
                              A1 19990128
                                                      WO 1998-GB2147 19980717
       VO 9903979 A1 19990128 WO 1998-GB2147 19980717

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BB, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                                                                                                               0 S L2 AND MONONUCLEAR CELL
                                                                                                                                               0 S L2 AND MONONUCLEAR
                                                                                                                                  => s I2 and Vitrogen
L10 0 L2 AND VITROGEN
                                                                                                                                  => s 12 not 15
                                                                                                                                              91 L2 NOT L5
AU 9884514 A1 19990210 AU 1998-84514 19980717
PRAI GB 1997-14936 19970717
                                                                                                                                  => dup rem !11
                                                                                                                                  PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11
L12 85 DUP REM L11 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
    WO 1998-GB2147
                                     19980717
AB There is disclosed the use of matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) inhibitors, e.g. collagenase, stromelysin, or gelatinase inhibitors in the prodn. of
    tissue equiv. The inhibitors are used in particular to inhibit MMPs present in animal serum used in the produ. technique, thereby increasing
                                                                                                                                  => s I12 and py<=2001
2 FILES SEARCHED.
    collagen deposition. Tissue culture media and extd. animal serum contg. a supplemented MMP inhibitor are also disclosed. Polylactic acid yarns
                                                                                                                                            65 L12 AND PY<=2001
    seeded with fibroblasts of human fetal foreskin were cultured with media
                                                                                                                                  => d bib abs 1-20
    supplemented with doxycycline. Increased collagen content was obsd. in the test samples compared to control (lacking doxycycline).
                                                                                                                                  L13 ANSWER 1 OF 65 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS
RE.CNT 5
                THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                                                                                                                  INC. on STN
AN 1988:268283 BIOSIS
RECORD
                                                                                                                                  DN PREV198886007527; BA86:7527
           ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
                                                                                                                                  TI EFFECTS OF HEPARIN ON VASCULARIZATION OF ***ARTIFICIAL***
***SKIN***
=> d his
                                                                                                                                      GRAFTS IN RATS.
                                                                                                                                  AU EHRLICH H P [Reprint author]; JUNG W K; COSTA D E; RAJARATNAM J B
    (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:49:06 ON 23 DEC 2003)
                                                                                                                                  CS SHRINERS BURNS INST, MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSP, BOSTON,
    FILE 'BIOSIS, EMBASE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:49:10 ON 23 DEC 2003
                                                                                                                                  MASSACHUSETTS
           1521 S ARTIFICIAL (3A) SKIN
98 S L1 AND (ANGIOGEN? OR VESSEL OR MICROVESSEL)
                                                                                                                                      02114, USA
                                                                                                                                  SO Experimental and Molecular Pathology, (1988) Vol. 48, No. 2, pp. 244-251.
L2
L3
             0 S L2 AND HUMAN ADULT LUNG MICROVASCULAR CELL
                                                                                                                                      CODEN: EXMPA6. ISSN: 0014-4800.
             0 S L2 AND HMVEC
7 S L2 AND EPITHELIUM
                                                                                                                                  DT Article
FS BA
L5
L6
             7 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                                                                                                                                  LA ENGLISH
                                                                                                                                  ED Entered STN: 2 Jun 1988
                                                                                                                                     Last Updated on STN: 2 Jun 1988

3 ***Artificial*** ***skin*** is recent development in the clinical care of the severely burned patient. Its manufacture entails the covalent
 => s l2 and perioendothelial
L7 1 L2 AND PERIOENDOTHELIAL
                                                                                                                                      bonding of collagen and polysaccharide, followed by the coating of one surface with a thin layer of silicone rubber. ***Artificial***
=> d bib abs
L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2003:455076 CAPLUS
                                                                                                                                        ***skin*** was grafted onto rats and examined for neovascularization at
                                                                                                                                     A days. Vascular patency was shown by perfused yellow latex casts. Five percent of the patent vessels grew into the graft soaked in physiological buffered saline (PBS). When the graft was soaked in heparin, 1 mg/ml buffered saline solution, before grafting, 54% of the patent vessels in the grafted area had grown into the matrix. These experient his show that
DN 139:12220
    Engineered animal skin tissue
IN Martins-Green, Manuela; Li, Qijing
PA The Regents of the University of California, USA
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 41 pp. CODEN: USXXCO
                                                                                                                                      the local application of heparin promotes early ingrowth of blood vessels into the healing site. The vascularity of ***artificial***
DT Patent
LA English
                                                                                                                                       ***skin*** can be modified by heparin, which promotes
***angiogenesis*** , and leads to earlier deposits of greater amounts of
                                                                                                                                      new connective tissue.
    PATENT NO
                           KIND DATE
                                                      APPLICATION NO DATE
                                                                                                                                  L13 ANSWER 2 OF 65 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS
PI US 2003109920 A1 20030612
                                                        US 2001-12194 20011206
                                     20011206
                                                                                                                                  AN 1988:120137 BIOSIS
PRAI US 2001-12194
AB An in vitro, three dimensional artificial tissue that resembles human skin
                                                                                                                                  DN PREV198834055999; BR34:55999
                                                                                                                                 TI OBSERVATIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT AND CLINICAL USE OF

""ARTIFICIAL""

""SKIN*" AN ATTEMPT TO EMPLOY REGENERATION RATHER THAN
SCAR FORMATION
    has been developed. Microvascular endothelial cells from human adult lung
    were sandwiched between two layers of human dermal fibroblasts in three
    dimensional collagen gels. The sandwich was covered with keratinocytes. The cultures were self-maintained for prolonged periods of time without the addn. of tumor promoters such as phorbol esters. Over a few days, the
                                                                                                                                      IN WOUND HEALING.
   keratinocytes developed into a multilayered epithelium. Microvessels were produced in the support matrix. The microvessels were composed of a tight
                                                                                                                                  AU BURKE J F [Reprint author]
CS DEP SURG, MASS GEN HOSP, FRUIT ST, BOSTON, MASS 02114, USA
   monolayer of endothelial cells surrounded by a continuous basal lamina, contacted by newly formed, sparse ***perioendothelial** cells. The microvessels also contained newly formed blood cells. Human matrix mols.

    Japanese Journal of Surgery, (1987) Vol. 17, No. 6, pp. 431-438.
    CODEN: JJSGAY. ISSN: 0047-1909.

                                                                                                                                 DT Article
FS BR
   characteristic of skin were produced. This artificial tissue is an in vitro system that closely resembles human skin, and provides both a
                                                                                                                                       ENGLISH
    powerful model to study cellular and mol. mechanisms involved in skin development and replacement and a basis for a new generation skin
                                                                                                                                  ED Entered STN: 29 Feb 1988
                                                                                                                                     Last Updated on STN: 29 Feb 1988
    replacement product.
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INC. on STN
AN 1987:24516 BIOSIS
                                                                                                                                                                   ISSN: 0032-1052 CODEN: PRSUAS
                                                                                                                                                                     United States
   DN PREV198783014450; BA83:14450
TI THE VASCULARIZATION OF ***ARTIFICIAL*** ***SKIN*** GRAFTS IN
                                                                                                                                                              DT Journal: Article
   ITS MODIFICATION BY PROTAMINE.

AU EHRLICH H P [Reprint author]; JUNG W K; COSTA D E; RAJARATNAM J B
                                                                                                                                                              LA English
   CS SHRINERS BURNS INSTITUTE, MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL,
        SCHOOL, BOSTON, MASACHUSETTS 02114, USA
   SO Experimental and Molecular Pathology, (1986) Vol. 45, No. 1, pp. 68-75. CODEN: EXMPA6. ISSN: 0014-4800.
   DT Article
  LA ENGLISH
ED Entered STN: 14 Dec 1986
Last Updated on STN: 14 Dec 1986
   AB Artifical skin is a recent development in the clinical care of the
       severely burned patient. Its manufacture involves the covalent bonding of collagen and polysaccharide, followed by the coating of one surface with a
       thin layer of silicone rubber. Neovascularization and its modification in 
***artificial*** ***skin*** were studied. Experimental 
***artificial*** ***skin*** was grafted onto rats and examined for
       vascular growth in the graft at 7 days. This was revealed by latex-perfused vascular casts which were processed for histological study.
      An area including the graft bed and graft matrix was viewed and examined for latex-filled vessels. Thirty-seven percent of the total vessels, identified by residual latex, had grown into the graft. When "**artificial*** ***skin*** was treated with protamine at 10 mg/ml buffered saline solution before grafting, only 6% of the total perfused blood vessels were found in the graft matrix. The remainder was found in the graft had Moreover increases in the numbers of portired blood in the graft matrix.
      the graft bed. Moreover, increases in the numbers of perfused blood vessels and ***vessel*** diameters were observed in the graft bed at
      the interface below the graft pretreated with protamine. Protamine inhibited ***vessel*** growth into the matrix, but promoted an increased number of dilated blood vessels in the surrounding graft bed. These dilated vessels were related to an altered ***vessel***
                                                                                                                                                                 on STN
                                                                                                                                                             AU Chapekar M.S.
 L13 ANSWER 4 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
      on STN
                                                                                                                                                                 Refs: 41
  AN 2001425745 EMBASE
  TI Influence of recipient-bed isolation on survival rates of skin-flap
                                                                                                                                                             CY United States
                                                                                                                                                             DT Journal; Article
      transfer in rats.
 AU Jones M.; Zhang F.; Blain B.; Guo M.; Cui D.; Dorsett-Martin W.;
                                                                                                                                                            FS 009 Surgery
      Lineaweaver W.C.
                                                                                                                                                                 013
 CS Dr. W.C. Lineaweaver, Division of Plastic Surgery, University of
Mississippi Med. Ctr., 2500 North State Street, Jackson, MS 39216, United
                                                                                                                                                                 027
      States
                                                                                                                                                                 033
 SO Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, (2001) 17/8 (653-659).
      Refs: 37
ISSN: 0743-684X CODEN: JRMIE2
 CY United States
DT Journal; Article
FS 009 Surgery
 LA English
        English
 AB The effect of recipient-bed isolation with ***artificial*** barriers on ***skin*** -flap survival, compared to flap transfer without bed
      on sun analysumment compared to help darker minor to sisolation, was evaluated in a modified rat epigastric skin-flap model. The pattern of blood flow in the raised flap with a proximal axial portion and
     distal random portion was confirmed by laser Doppler flowmetry. Forty rats were divided into four groups. Three of the groups had one of three different artificial barriers - silicone, polypropylene, or gelatin
     sponge. In each of these three groups, one of the artificial barriers was placed between the flap and its recipient bed after flap replacement. The
     flaps without bed isolation (Group 4) were used as controls. The survival
     area was measured 7 days postoperatively. Results demonstrated that necrosis in the groups with silicone and polypropylene barriers was
     significantly higher than in the controls. Histologically,
     neovascularization was shown in the flaps without artificial barriers.
     Foreign-body reactions were observed in the flaps with bed isolation and
     among these, severe inflammation and congestion were seen in the flaps with polypropylene isolation. In this study, the authors demonstrated that
                                                                                                                                                                Refs: 18
     the random portion of a rat skin flap could survive partially through
     imbibition of plasma and the ingrowth of new vessels from the recipient bed. This neovascularization can be prevented by recipient-bed isolation
                                                                                                                                                           CY United Kingdom
                                                                                                                                                          DT Journal; Article
FS 009 Surgery
     with an artificial barrier. Bed isolation with a silicone sheet is
     suggested for use in the study of rat skin-flap survival.
                                                                                                                                                           LA English
L13 ANSWER 5 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL
RIGHTS RESERVED.
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on STN

AN 2001227645 EMBASE

histologic study.

TI Reconstructive surgery with a dermal regeneration template: Clinical and

CS N.S. Moiemen, University Hospital Birmingham, Raddlebarn Road; Selly Oak, Birmingham B29 6JD, United Kingdom. nmoiemen@aol.com

AU Moiemen N.S.; Staiano J.J.; Ojeh N.O.; Thway Y.; Frame J.D.

SO Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, (2001) 108/1 (93-103).

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 65 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS

75 009 Surgery 027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation AB Integra \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* was introduced in 1981 and its use in acute surgical management of burns is well established, but Integra has also been used in patients undergoing reconstructive surgery. Over a period of 25 months, the authors used integra to cover 30 anatomic sites in 20 consecutive patients requiring reconstructive surgery and then analyzed the clinical and histologic outcomes. The most common reason for allaryzed the united and mischool of the contracture followed by resurfacing of tight or painful scars. The authors assessed patients' satisfaction using a visual analog scale and scar appearance using a modified Vancouver Burn Index Scale. They evaluated the progress of wound healing by examining weekly punch-biopsy specimens with standard and immunohistochemical stains. Patients reported a 72 percent increase in range of movement, a 62 percer improvement in softness, and a 59 percent improvement in appearance compared with their preoperative states. Pruritus and dryness were the main complaints, and neither was improved much. Four distinct phases of dermal regeneration could be demonstrated histologically: imbibition, fibroblast migration, neovascularization, and remodeling and maturation. Full vascularization of the neodermis occurred at 4 weeks. The color of the wound reflected the state of neodermal vascularization. No adnexa, nerve endings, or elastic fibers were seen in any of the specimens. The new collagen was histologically indistinguishable from normal dermal collager. The authors conclude that Integra is a useful tool in reconstructive surgery. The additional cost of its use can be justified by its distinct benefits compared with current methodology. L13 ANSWER 6 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. AN 2000421648 EMBASE Tissue engineering: Challenges and opportunities. CS M.S. Chapekar, Natl. Inst. of Standards/Technology, Technology Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 100 Bureau Drive, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, United States. Mrunal.Chapekar@nist.gov SO Journal of Biomedical Materials Research, (2000) 53/6 (617-620). ISSN: 0021-9304 CODEN: JBMRBG Dermatology and Venereology Human Genetics Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation Orthopedic Surgery SL English
AB This article reviews the key developments in the tissue engineering field over the past several years. The issues related to the development of the components of tissue-engineered products including cells, biomaterials, and biomolecules, and their integration into safe and effective products are presented. Moreover, the article outlines the challenges to the commercialization of tissue-engineered products, and highlights the ongoing efforts by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) in developing standards for tissue-engineered medical products Furthermore, funding opportunities at the Advanced Technology Program at NIST are presented. (C) 2000 John Wiley and Sons, Inc. L13 ANSWER 7 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. AN 2000043347 EMBASE TI Generation of an autologous tissue (matrix) flap by combining an arteriovenous shunt loop with \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* in rats: Arteriovenous shurn roop with a funicial SNI in 123.

Preliminary report.

AU Tanaka Y; Tsutsumi A; Crowe D.M.; Tajima S.; Morrison W.A.

CS Prof. W.A. Morrison, Bernard O'Brien Institute Microsurg., 42 Fitzroy Street, Fitzroy, Vic. 3065, Australia

SO British Journal of Plastic Surgery, (2000) 53/1 (51-57). ISSN: 0007-1226 CODEN: BJPSAZ 013 Dermatology and Venereology English AB The present experiment was designed to investigate the possibility of prefabricating a tissue flap in a rat by combining an arteriovenous (A-V) shunt loop with \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* dermis (AS). The A-V fistula loop was constructed between the right femoral artery and vein by

the interposition of a vein graft and the loop was wrapped with a folded sheet of AS and buried beneath the inguinal skin. In the control group the folded sheet of AS was inserted without a \*\*\*vessel\*\*\* loop and

embedded in the inguinal region as in the experimental group. There we three experiments. In experiment 1, the total volume of the generated

Refs: 7

tissue formed within the AS was calculated after 4 weeks in the experimental and control groups. In experiment 2, the AS in the experimental group was harvested at 2 (group 1) and 4 (group 2) weeks after insertion to assess the change in morphology over time. In experiment 3, full thickness skin grafts were placed over the generated tissue of the experimental groups to investigate the possibility of creating skin flaps. The total volume of tissue generated in the experimental group was significantly greater than in the control group (P < 0.01). Histological and carbon injection studies suggest that the new capillary bed is derived from the graft loop vessels and tissue generation and organisation of the AS were further advanced in group 2 than in group 1. The skin grafts placed over the tissues generated showed complete survival and could be raised as island flaps in both groups. (C) 2000 The British Association of Plastic Surgeons.

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

on STN AN 1998171387 EMBASE

TI Effect of cultured endothelial cells on \*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\* in vivo.

AU Soejima K.; Negishi N.; Sasaki K.
CS Dr. K. Soejima, 7820 Seawall Blvd. 233, Galveston, TX 77551, United States
SO Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, (1998) 101/6 (1552-1560).

Refs: 35 ISSN: 0032-1052 CODEN: PRSUAS

CY United States
DT Journal; Article
FS 009 Surgery
LA English

SL English

AB The purpose of this study is to evaluate the effect of cultured endothelial cells on \*\*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\*\* in vivo. Endothelial cells obtained from thoracic aorta of male Wistar rats were cultured in thermoresponsive dishes, which are tissue culture polystyrene dishes bound with thermoresponsive poly (N-isopropylacrylamide). Using the thermoresponsive dishes, a confluent layer of endothelial cells can be detached as an intact sheet by low temperature treatment. The obtained sheets of cultured endothelial cells were grafted to 3 x 3 cm full-thickness skin defects that had been made on the backs of rats in combination with either free \*\*\*skin\*\*\* grafts or \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* dermis grafts. Histologic examinations were performed. The findings showed that, with each of the grafting procedures, the number of vessels in a unit area (1.0 x 10-4 mm2) was significantly larger in the group with transplantation of cultured endothelial cells. This result suggests that the cultured vascular endothelial cells exert an \*\*\*angiogenic\*\* effect at the graft site.

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

on STN AN 93323378 EMBASE DN 1993323378

TI Prostaglandin cyclooxygenase products but not thromboxane A2 are involved in the pathogenesis of erythromelalgia in thrombocythaemia.

J. Michiels J.J.; Zijlstra F.J.

CS Department of Haematology, University Hospital Dijkzigt, Molewaterplein 40,3015 GD Rotterdam, Netherlands
 SO Mediators of Inflammation, (1993) 2/5 (385-389).
 ISSN: 0962-9351 CODEN: MNFLEF

CY United Kingdom

Journal; Article

FS 013 Dermatology and Venereology

025 Hematology 026

Immunology, Serology and Transplantation Drug Literature Index

LA English SL English

AB Fluid of \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* blisters from erythromelalgic \*\*\*skin\*\*\* areas in primary thrombocythaemia contained a high amount of prostaglandin-E-like activity. Dazoxiben did not alleviate the erythromelalgia in patients with primary thrombocythaemia despite complete inhibition of platelet malondialdehyde and thromboxane B2 synthesis and no inhibition of prostaglandin-E-like material. During a 10-day dazoxiben treatment period, persistent erythromelalgia was associated with a significant shortened mean platelet life span of 3.2 days. During subsequent treatment with low dose acetylsalicylic acid daily complete relief of erythromelalgia was associated with inhibition of platelet prostaglandin endoperoxide production and correction of platelet mean life span to normal, 7.9 days. These observations indicate that prostaglandin span to normal, 7.9 days. These disservations indicate that prostaganium E2, or another prostaglandin endoperoxide metabolite, is involved in the pathogenesis of erythromelalgia. The presented study does not give one single clue as to the origin (platelet, ""vessel"" wall or other) of the prostanoid, but very likely originates from platelets because a very low dose of acetylsalicylic acid (250 to 500 mg every other day), which irreversibly inhibits platelet cyclooxygenase, is highly effective in the prevention of erythromelalgia in thrombocythaemia.

L13 ANSWER 10 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

on STN AN 92257701 EMBASE DN 1992257701

TI Tissue engineering in the USA.

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AU Nerem R.M.
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CS Biomechanics Laboratory, School of Mechanical Engineering, Georgia

Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA 30332-0405, United States
SO Medical and Biological Engineering and Computing, (1992) 30/4 (8-12).
ISSN: 0140-0118 CODEN: MBECDY

CY United Kingdom DT Journal; Conference Article

FS 027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation 029 Clinical Biochemistry

LA English

SL English

AB Tissue engineering is the application of the principles and methods of engineering and the life sciences towards the development of biological substitutes to restore, maintain or improve functions. It is an area which is emerging in importance worldwide. In the USA it has been actively fostered by the National Science Foundation, both through research grants and the sponsorship of a series of workshops starting in 1988. This brief and the sponsorship of a series of workshops starting in 1988. This brief review of activities in the USA focuses on cell culture technology as a foundation for tissue engineering and then discusses examples of applications. These include \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*\*skin\*\*\* and the use of encapsulated cells in the development of bioartificial organs. Also discussed is the reconstitution of a blood \*\*\*vessel\*\*\* in culture, both for use in basic research and for implantation as an artificial blood \*\*\*vessel\*\*\* in bypass surgery. In conclusion, other potential applications are mentioned as well as generic areas of technology for future development. future development.

L13 ANSWER 11 OF 65 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

on STN AN 82230239 EMBASE

DN 1982230239

TI Medical applications of polymeric materials

AU Bruck S.D.

CS Med. Technol. Assess. Group, Stephen D. Bruck Assoc., Bethesda, MD 20814

United States

SO Medical Progress through Technology, (1982) 9/1 (1-16). CODEN: MDPTBG

CY Germany
DT Journal
FS 037 Drug Literature Index

030 Pharmacology 027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation Surgery

LA English

L13 ANSWER 12 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2002:269010 CAPLUS

DN 136:268201

TI Processes for preparation of new collagen-based supports for tissue engineering and the resulting biomaterials
IN Abdul, Malak Nabil; Andre, Valerie; Huc, Alain
PA Coletica, Fr.

SO Fr. Demande, 43 pp. CODEN: FRXXBL

DT Patent

LA French FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI FR 2809313 A1 20011130 FR 2809412 A1 20011130 WO 2001091821 A1 20011206

FR 2001-6899 20010525 <---FR 2000-6748 20000526 <---WO 2001-FR1631 20010525 <---

W: DE, JP, KR, US DE 10196234 T 20030417 JP 2003534102 T2 20031118

DE 2001-10196234 20010525 JP 2001-587833 20010525 FR 2001-6919 20010528 <--

FR 2809314 A1 20011130
PRAI FR 2000-6743 A 20000526
FR 2000-6748 A 20000526
US 2000-616526 A 20000714

AB A composite product formed by a collagen support comprises a porous collagen layer coated on a collagen membrane made by drying a collagen gel in the air or a gas. One of the layers contains live normal or genetically-modified cells, or malignant cells. The composite is used as a support for making \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* Human keratinocytes were cultured on the composite product prepd. according to above method for use as \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\*.

L13 ANSWER 13 OF 85 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2001:924330 CAPLUS

DN 136:58875

DN 136:58875

Il Biomedical material and process for making same
IN Noishiki, Yasuharu; Miyata, Teruo; Ito, Hiroshi
PA Koken Co. Ltd., Japan
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp.
CODEN: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
FAN CNT 1

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 2001053839 A1 20011220 US 2001-878261 20010612 <--

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WO 2001097874 A1 20011227 WO 2001-JP5026 20010613 <---
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
EP 1292341 A1 20030319 EP 2001-941035 20010613
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LY, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
JP 2003535653 T2 20031202 JP 2002-503357 20010613
PRAI JP 2000-183627 A 20000619
WO 2001-JP5026 W 20010613
AB A chem. crosslinked material comprise a natural material or a deriv.
           AB A chem. crosslinked material comprise a natural material or a deriv.
                      having crosslinks formed by the combination of a primary crosslinking agent and an enhancer compd., wherein the crosslinks formed comprise
                  agent and an enhancer compd., wherein the crosslinks formed comprise crosslinks which include at least 1 addnl. hydroxyl group and/or at least one addnl. linear ether linkage as compared to crosslinks formed by the primary crosslinking agent alone. The materials provide a chem. crosslinked material that has favorable antigenicity/flexibility characteristics. Crosslinking of a heart membrane by using glutaraldehyde and isocyanate lowers the moisture content of the membrane, but it is improved by introducing at least 1 new hydroxyl group and ether bonding to the process. T. His tendency was also similarly effective when epoxy was used for crosslinking, and it was made clear that the moisture content was improved by crosslinking with epoxy alone.
         L13 ANSWER 14 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
       AN 2001:903875 CAPLUS
DN 136:25089
       TI Production and use of microvessels in a fibronectin-containing gel IN Bothwell, Alfred L. M.; Pober, Jordan S.; Schechner, Jeffrey S.; Zheng,
                       Yale University, USA
       SO PCT Int. Appl., 99 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
       DT Patent
       LA English
                 PATENT NO.
                                                                                KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
  PI WO 2001093880 A1 20011213 WO 2001-US18034 20010605 <---
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, Ug, US, UZ, VN,
YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2000-208931P P 20010330

BY 2001-279797P P 20010330

BY 100 2001-279797P P 20010300

BY 100 2001-279797P P 200100300

BY 100 2001-279797P P 20
              lined by the endothelial cells. The compns, and methods of the present invention have applications in all aspects of tissue and organ transplantation and grafting. The invention finds particular use in the
              grafting of engineered skin onto recipients with impaired vascularization.
              grading of engineers and into respiration that impaires vascularization. 
In addn., the present invention identifies genes and gene products which 
are differentially expressed in immature, maturing and mature
             microvessels.
  RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
   RECORD
                                  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
  L13 ANSWER 15 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:885851 CAPLUS
DN 136:11272
  TI Collagen-based supports for tissue engineering and preparation of
             biomaterials
  IN Abdul, Malak Nabil; Andre, Valerie; Huc, Alain
 PA Coletica, Fr.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
LA French
           PATENT NO.
                                                                         KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2001091821 A1
                                                                                                           ***20011206*** WO 2001-FR163120010525
W: DE, JP, KR, US
PRAI FR 2000-6743 20000526
FR 2000-6748 20000526
            US 2000-616526 20000714
AB The invention concerns a composite product forming a collagen support comprising at least a porous collagen layer coated on at least a surface with a substantially compact collagen membrane produced either with a
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collagen film prepd. by curing, preferably air-cured or in a gaseous fluid, a collagen gel, or by a highly compressed collagen sponge. Advantageously, at least one of the two layers, resp. the porous layer and the substantially compact membrane, comprises living cells, normal or
                 the substantially compact memorane, comprises living cells, normal or genetically modified, or malignant, in particular derived from young or old subjects. The invention enables to provide a composite product forming a collagen support for making artificial skins designed in particular for testing in vitro the efficacy of potentially active substances or for reconstructing in vivro of damaged skin zones. Collagen
                 from veal skin was prepd. and crosslinked with diphenylphosphorylazide.

Use of the above collagen in human fibroblast culture and prepn. of

""artificial"" ***skin*** is disclosed.

EONT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
        RE.CNT 9
                                   ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
       L13 ANSWER 16 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
        AN 2001:798098 CAPLUS
      IN Native protein mimetic fibers, fiber networks and fabrics for medical use IN Chaikof, Elliot L.; Conticello, Vincent; Huang, Lei; Nagapudi, Karthik
                   Emory University, USA
      SO PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
    DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 3
                PATENT NO.
                                                                     KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
     Pi WO 2001080921 A2 20011101
WO 2001080921 A3 20020228
                                                                                                                                             WO 2001-US12918 20010420 <--
              WO 2001080921 A3
W: AU, CA, JP, US
                       RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
  RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL PT, SE, TR
EP 1274469 A2 20030115 EP 2001-928716 20010420
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
PRAI US 2000-198792P P 20000420
US 2000-221828P P 20000728
WO 2001-US12918 W 20010420
    AB The present disclosure provides spun fibers of proteins useful for the
            fibers, fiber networks and nonworen fabrics for medical use, with these materials characterized by good biocompatibility properties (e.g., low tendency toward thromboses and inflammation when implanted into a human or
             animal). These materials can be fabricated from gelatin, collagen or elastin-mimetic proteins, functionalized proteins of the foregoing types,
             crosslinked functionalized proteins of the foregoing types, and there may
            be incorporated nonproteinaceous polymers and/or therapeutic proteins or other medicinal compds. Addnl., there may be living cells colonized on
            the material of the present invention or living cells may be incorporated during the fabrication process. These materials can be used in medical applications including, without limitation, vascular grafts, reinforcement of injured tissue, wound healing, artificial organs and tissues, procedure head technical techni
             prosthetic heart valves and prosthetic ureters.
  L13 ANSWER 17 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:701110 CAPLUS
DN 136:42767
           Bioactivity and test grafting of acellular dermal matrix containing
          fibroblasts
AU Xiao, Shichu; Xia, Zhaofan; Yang, Jun; Zhang, Suzhen
CS Department of Burn, The Second Military Medical University, Shanghai, 200433, Peop. Rep. China
SO Zhonghua Shaoshang Zazhi (***2001*** ), 17(4), 231-233
CODEN: ZSZHA5, ISSN: 1009-2587
PB Zhonghua Shaoshang Zazhi Bianjibu
              Chinese
        a Thri bioactivity of acellular dermal matrix with fibroblasts and its role as dermal skeleton were studied. Human fibroblasts (HFs) were planted onto the surface of acellular dermal matrix (ADM) to form living dermal substitute. The IL-6, IL-8 and TGF contents in the supernatant of the culture of HF-ADM were detd. with ELISA method, and the secretion of
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hydronic acid and laminin from extracellular matrix was measured with RIA method. The speed of vascularization and the wound contracture rate

RIA method. The speed of vascularization and the wound contracture rate were obsd. after the dermal substitute was grafted on the full skin loss wound of Balb/c-nu mice (nude mice). HFs grew very well after being planted onto ADM so as to form a single layer of cellular membrane. Many kinds of cytokines and extracellular matrix components were secreted. Compared with simple acellular dermal grafting, the vascularization was accelerated, and the wound contracture rate decreased, after the living dermal substitute being grafted on the wound. The ADM seeded with HFs exhibited excellent bioactivity and might be an optimal dermal substitute.

L13 ANSWER 18 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

CS Graduate Institute of Cell and Molecular Biology, Taipei Medical

Cytotoxicity and immunogenicity of Sacchachitin and its mechanism of action on skin wound healing
AU Hung, Wei-Sheng; Fang, Chia-Lang; Su, Ching-Hua; Lai, Wen-Fu T.; Chang,

AN 2001:361565 CAPLUS DN 135:200374

Yu-Chi; Tsai, Yu-Hui

University, Taipei, 110, Taiwan

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CODEN: JBMRBG; ISSN: 0021-9304
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  process either individual microdots or microstrands were positioned to construct complex objects, fibers, tubes, and scaffolds similar to non-woven structures. The resoln was about 200 mum and depended upon
      PB John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
                Journal
                English
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  inner nozzle diam, air pressure, plotting speed, rheol, and plotting medium. Plotting in liq. medium. Plotting in liq. medium. Plotting in liq. medium to that of the dispensing liq. eliminated the need for construction of temporary support structures. The design capabilities of this computer-guided 3D plotting process was demonstrated using conventional moisture-curable
     AB Sacchachitin membrane, a weavable skin substitute made from the residual
            fruiting body of Ganoderma tsugae, has been demonstrated to promote skin
            wound healing. Prior to its clin. application, it is crit to learn more about any possible cytotoxicity, immunogenicity, or allergy response, and at least some of its mechanism(s) of action(s). In the present studies, it has been found that Sacchachtin suspension at less than 0.05% shows no cytotoxicity to the primary culture of rat fibroblasts. However, at
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           acetoxysilane-based silicone resin.

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           RECORD
            higher conons. (gtoreq.0.1%), it does reduce the growth of fibroblasts, based on MTT assays. This might be caused by pos. charges on chitin mols. that are too strong, and may be harmful to the cell membrane.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
            Sacchachitin showed no immunogenicity after it was inoculated into rats three times; however, the unmodified, purified rabbit type I and type II collagens did. S.c. injection of Sacchachitin suspension into rats showed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          => d bib abs 21-40
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         L13 ANSWER 21 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2000;756744 CAPLUS
            no gross allergic responses on skin. Nevertheless, it did cause local acute inflammation, as obsd. by histol. investigation. This is similar to what occurred in the wound site covered with Sacchachitin membrane. The
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          DN 133:329622
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TI Osteopontin-derived chemotactic and inhibitory peptides and therapeutic
           chemotactic effect of Sacchachitin was exhibited in both intact and wounded skin tissues. This may be one of the initial beneficial effects
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 uses therefor
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IN Ashkar, Samy
PA Children's Medical Center Corp., USA
           of Sacchachitin membrane to wound healing. The rapid acute inflammatory process was followed by the appearance of ***angiogenesis*** and granulation tissue formation, which occurred earlier than it normally
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          SO PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
           would. Coverage of the wound area with Sacchachitin membrane also induced an earlier formation of scar tissue to replace the granulation tissue. A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          DT Patent
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         LA English
FAN.CNT 1
            1.5 .times. 1.5 cm2 wound area covered by Sacchachitin completely healed
          by 21 days, while that covered with cotton gauze did not. Therefore, Sacchachitin is a safe biomaterial for use as a wound dressing for skin
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
          healing. Its promoting action for wound healing might be due to its chemotactic effect for inflammatory cells. This, in turn, may facilitate subsequent ***angiogeness****, granulation tissue formation, and faster new tissue formation, leading to faster wound healing.

ECNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         PI WO 2000063247 A2 20001026
WO 2000063247 A3 20010208
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             WO 2000-US10344 20000417 <--
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              WO 200063247 A3 20010208

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1175442 A2 20020130 EP 2000-926068 20000417

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI. RO
    RE.CNT 15
   RECORD
                        ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
   L13 ANSWER 19 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2001:247214 CAPLUS
   DN 134:261256
  DN 134:261256
TI Viral vector with ***angiogenic*** factor-encoding nucleic acid for tissue flap ***angiogenesis***
IN Crystal, Ronald G.; Rosengart, Todd K.
PA Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      R: AI, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, G

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

BR 2000009767 A 20020430

JP 2002543775 T2 20021224

US 2001036921 A1 20011101

PRAI US 1999-129764P P 19990415

WO 2000-US10344 W 20000417

OS MARPAT 133:329622
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        BR 2000-9767 20000417
JP 2000-612333 20000417
   SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
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            Patent
   LA English
   FAN.CNT 1
         PATENT NO.
                                                  KIND DATE
                                                                                                  APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        AB Osteopontin-derived chemotactic and inhibitory peptides are described.
Methods of using these peptides therapeutically, e.g for promoting wound healing and preventing metastasis, are also described.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        L13 ANSWER 22 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        AN 2000:628043 CAPLUS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        DN 133:227859
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        TI Bioabsorbable, biocompatible polymers for tissue engineering
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IN Williams, Simon F
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Tepha, Inc., USA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       DT Patent
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       FAN CNT 1
        which viral vector comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding an

""angiogenic*" factor, whereby the nucleic acid sequence encoding the

"angiogenic*" factor is expressed in the tissue flap and vascularity
in the tissue flap is increased.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      APPLICATION NO DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PI WO 2000051662 A1 20000908 WO 2000-US5676 20000303 <--
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    W: AU, CA, JF
                                  THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
  RE.CNT 5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
  RECORD
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         PT, SE
                     ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              EP 1159015
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   P 1159015 A1 20011205 EP 2000-916064 20000303 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 L13 ANSWER 20 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 2000:776229 CAPLUS
DN 134:43007
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      JP 2002537906 T2 20021112 JP 2000-602325 20000303 US 6514515 B1 20030204 US 2000-518123 20000303 US 2003072784 A1 20030417 US 2002-289479 20021106 PRAI US 1999-122827P P 19990304 US 2000-518123 A3 20000303 WO 2000-US5676 W 20000303 AB Biosproteith (see page 1999-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-120000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-12000-
DN 134:43007

TI Desktop manufacturing of complex objects, prototypes and biomedical scaffolds by means of computer-assisted design combined with computer-guided 3D plotting of polymers and reactive oligomers AU Landers, Rudiger, Mulhaupt, Rolf
CS Institut fur Makromolekulare Chemie und Freiburger
Materialforschungszentrum der Albert-Ludwigs-Universitat, Freiburg i.Br.,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      AB Bioabsorbable biocompatible polymers which provide a good match between their properties and those of certain tissue structures are provided. The bioabsorbable biocompatible polymers can be prepd. with tensile strengths,
D-79104, Germany
SO Macromolecular Materials and Engineering ( ***2000*** ), 282, 17-21
CODEN: MMENFA; ISSN: 1438-7492
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              elongation to breaks, and/or tensile modulus (Young's modulus) values of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            elongation to breaks, and/or tensile modulus (Young's modulus) values of
the tissues of the cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, kidney and
genitourinary, musculoskeletal, and nervous systems, as well as those of
the oral, dental, periodontal, and skin tissues. Methods for processing
the bloabsorbable biocompatible polymers into tissues engineering devices
PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
DT Journal
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shapes and tailor-made internal structures. During the 3D plotting

are also provided.

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

RECORD

SO Journal of Biomedical Materials Research ( \*\*\*2001\*\*\* ), 56(1), 93-100

AB Computer-assisted design and image processing were combined with

computer-guided one- and two-component air-driven three-dimensional [3D] dispensing of hot melts, solns., pastes, dispersions of polymers and

monomers and reactive oligomers to produce solid objects with complex

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L13 ANSWER 23 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
  AN 2000:535199 CAPLUS
 DN 133:155432
  TI Preparation of biomaterials formed by nucleophilic addition reaction to
     conjugated unsaturated polymers
 IN Hubbell, Jeffrey A.; Elbert, Donald; Lutolf, Matthias; Pratt, Alison; Schoenmakers, Ronald; Tirelli, Nicola; Vernon, Brent
 PA Switz.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 119 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                          KIND DATE
                                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2000044808 A1 20000803 WO 2000-US2608 20000201 <-
W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CZ, GE, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
RO, RU, SG, TR, UA, US, YU
                                                     WO 2000-US2608 20000201 <--
       RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
       A 2359318 AA 20000803 CA 2000-2359318 20000201 <--
P 1181323 A1 20020227 EP 2000-910049 20000201
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
    CA 2359318
    EP 1181323
          IE. FI
     JP 2002535108
                           T2 20021022
                                                  JP 2000-596061 20000201
PRAI US 1999-118093P A2 1990201
WO 2000-US2608 W 20000201
AB The invention features polymeric biomaterials formed by nucleophilic addn.
    reactions to conjugated unsatd. groups. These biomaterials may be used for medical treatments. Thus, polyethylene glycol triacrylate was dissolved in pH 8 50-mM HEPES buffered saline at 20% with 2% albumin. PEG
    dithiol was dissolved in pH 5.6 1-mM MES buffered saline at 20%. The liq.
    soln. was added to cyclohexane contg. Hypermer B239. The polymd, protein-contg. spheres were then washed with cyclohexane to remove
    surfactant, followed by drying in vacuum to remove cyclohexane. The
    particles were then resuspended in pH 7.4 HEPES buffered saline. Protein
    concns. in the resuspending medium were detd. from a concn. std. curve for
    albumin at 280 nm.
REICHT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD
          ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L13 ANSWER 24 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
DN 133:109884
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AN 2000:256645 CAPLUS

TI Enhanced vascularization of cultured skin substitutes genetically modified

Lennanced vascularization of cultured skin substitutes genetically modified to overexpress vascular endothelial growth factor

AU Supp, Dorothy M.; Supp, Andrew P.; Bell, Sheila M.; Boyce, Steven T.

CS Research Department, Shriners Burns Hospital, Shriners Hospitals for Children, Cincinnati, OH, 45229, USA

SO Journal of Investigative Dermatology (\*\*\*2000\*\*\*\*), 114(1), 5-13

CODEN: JIDEAE; ISSN: 0022-202X

PB Blackwell Science, Inc. DT Journal

AB Cultured skin substitutes have been used as adjunctive therapies in the treatment of burns and chronic wounds, but they are limited by lack of a vascular plexus. This deficiency leads to greater time for vascularization compared with native skin autografts and contributes to graft failure. Genetic modification of cultured skin substitutes to enhance vascularization could hypothetically lead to improved wound healing. To address this hypothesis, human keratinocytes were genetically modified by transduction with a replication incompetent retrovirus to modified by unisouction with a replication incompetent retrovirus to overexpress vascular endothelial growth factor, a specific and potent mitogen for endothelial cells. Cultured skin substitutes consisting of collagen-glycosaminoglycan substrates inoculated with human fibroblasts and either vascular endothelial growth factor-modified or control keratinocytes were prepd., and were cultured in vitro for 21 days. Northern blot anal, demonstrated enhanced expression of vascular endothelial growth factor mRNA in genetically modified keratinocytes and in cultured skin substitutes prepd, with modified cells. Furthermore, the vascular endothelial growth factor-modified cultured skin substitutes secreted greatly elevated levels of vascular endothelial growth factor protein throughout the entire culture period. The bioactivity of vascular protein throughout the entire culture period. The bioactivity of vascular endothelial growth factor protein secreted by the genetically modified cultured skin substitutes was demonstrated using a microvascular endothelial cell growth assay. Vascular endothelial growth factor-modified and control cultured skin substitutes were grafted to full-thickness wounds on athymic mice, and elevated vascular endothelial growth factor mRNA expression was detected in the modified grafts for at least 2 wk after surgery. Vascular endothelial growth factor-modified grafts exhibited increased nos. of demal blood vessels and decreased time to vascularization compared with controls. These results indicate that to vascularization compared with controls. These results indicate that genetic modification of keratinocytes in cultured skin substitutes can lead to increased vascular endothelial growth factor expression, which could prospectively improve vascularization of cultured skin substitutes

for wound healing applications.
RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 25 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2000:65762 CAPLUS DN 132:127684

Wound healing efficacy of rat stromal cells combined with spongy collagen matrix (Pelnac) AU Mitsuno, Hiroya; Kawanishi, Koichi; Inada, Yuji; Miyamoto, Seiji;

Yoshikawa, Takafumi; Ichijima, Kunio
CS Dep. Emerg. Crit. Care Med., Nara Med. Univ., Japan
SO Journal of Nara Medical Association (\*\*\*1999\*\*\*), 50(6), 543-550

CODEN: JNMAFJ PB Nara Medical Association

DT Journal

Japanese

Recently, reconstruction of \*\*\*skin\*\*\* defects using \*artificial\*\*\* dermis composed of an outer layer of silicone and an inner sponge layer of collagen has been developed and is performed clin. When the artificial dermis is grafted onto a total skin defect, the inner sponge layer spontaneously converts into detraishin detect, rice inner sponge layer spontaneously converts into dermis-like connective tissue. However, 2 or 3 wk after the application of the artificial dermis, a secondary split-thickness skin graft on the dermis-like tissue is required for skin resurfacing. Until the secondary skin graft, problems of wound infection or tissue fluid leakage persist. In this study, the authors investigated the effect of cultured bone marrow cells on the synthesis of demis-like tissue using artificial demis in rats. Two rats were sacrificed to harvest bone marrow cells from the femurs, and the cells were cultured for 10 days. Full thickness skin defects (3 cm. times. 4 cm) were made on the backs of 20 male Fisher rats, then the rats were divided into 5 groups. The artificial dermis contg. 104 (105, 5. times. 106)/mL bone marrow cells were grafted on the skin defects of rats in Group 1 (2, 3, 4). In Group 5, artificial dermis only was grafted. After 10 days, the grafted artificial dermis was harvested, and histol. examn. was performed. In each group, mean thickness of demnis-like tissue, which was infiltrated by fibroblasts and capillaries, was measured. The dermis-like tissue was significantly thicker in Groups 1-4 than in Group 5, and was significantly thickest in Group 2. Histol., topical application of bone marrow cells accelerates proliferation of fibroblasts and capillaries in artificial dermis. Therefore, this study suggests the usefulness of bone marrow cells combined with artificial dermis for wound

L13 ANSWER 26 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1999:747605 CAPLUS DN 132:313382

TI Biomaterials for regeneration of organs

AU Ito, Yoshihiro

SO Baiosaiensu to Indasutori ( \*\*\*1999\*\*\* ), 57(11), 737-742 CODEN: BIDSE6; ISSN: 0914-8981

PB Baioindasutori Kyokai

DT Journal; General Review

Japanese

AB A review with 24 refs. The very first com. product of \*\*\*artificial\*\*\*
living \*\*\*skin\*\*\* based on tissue engineering has been launched, and
artificial joint cartilage is under development using human cartilage cells. Temporary or permanent template structure is important for bio-artificial organs. The mixt. of basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF) and matrigel regenerates adipose tissue. Tissue engineering is also applied to drug delivery system for sustained release and to supply of addni. characteristics by introduction of genes, e.g. growth factor-releasing vascular \*\*\*vessel\*\*\* . Recent advances in matrix materials are discussed for spatial fine processing, stimulation response as time-based regulation, and regulation of cell functions as apoptosis and differentiation.

L13 ANSWER 27 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1999:670553 CAPLUS DN 131:347050

Nonviral transfer of genes to pig primary keratinocytes. Induction of 
\*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\* by composite grafts of modified keratinocytes 
overexpressing VEGF driven by a keratin promoter

AU Del Rio, M.; Larcher, F.; Meana, A.; Segovia, J. C.; Alvarez, A.; Jorcano,

CS Project on Cell and Molecular Biology, Centro de Investigaciones Energeticas, Medioambientales y Tecnologicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, E-28040,

O Gene Therapy ( \*\*\*1999\*\*\* ), 6(10), 1734-1741 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

Stockton Press DT Journal

English

Cultured epithelial grafts have proven to be life-saving in the treatment of large skin losses. It has become apparent that one of the main difficulties of this technol. is the overall poor take of the grafts as a consequence of severely damaged dermal beds. Skin substitutes providing both cultured keratinocytes, as an epidermal layer, and a dermal analogous offer a more suitable material for skin repair. Ex vivo transfer of stroma regeneration-promoting genes to keratinocytes appears to be an attractive strategy for improving the therapeutic action of these grafts.

The use of epidermal-specific promoters as expression drivers of exogenous genes results in both high expression levels and stratum specificity, as shown in transgenic mice studies. Most current gene transfer protocols to primary keratinocytes involve transduction of epidermal cells with retroviral vectors. However, transfer of gene constructs harboring these long DNA fragment promoters cannot be achieved through viral transduction.

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In this paper, the authors describe a protocol consisting of
           lipid-mediated transfection, G418 selection and an enhanced green fluorescence protein (EGFP)-based enrichment step for obtaining high
         levels of transgene-expressing primary keratinocytes. Using this protocol, the cDNA for vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), a potent endothelial cell mitogen driven by the 5.2 kb bovine keratin K5 promoter,
        was stably transfected into pig primary keratinccytes. Genetically modified keratin kot, sometically modified keratinocytes, expanded on live fibroblast-contg. fibrin gels and transplanted to nude mice as a composite material, elicited a strong "*angiogenic*** response in the host stroma as deta, by fresh tissue examn, and CD31 immunostatining. Since the formation of a
well-vascularized wound bed is a crucial step for permanent wound closure, the use of an ' ***angiogenic*** ' composite material may improve wound bed prepn. and coverage with cultured keratinocyte grafts.

RE.CNT 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD
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ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L13 ANSWER 28 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 1999:659100 CAPLUS
TI Two phase thermally deformable biocompatible absorbable polymer matrix for use in medical devices
IN Cooper, Kevin
PA Ethicon, Inc., USA
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DT Patent
  A English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                                KIND DATE
                                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI EP 949299
                                A2 19991013
                                                             EP 1999-302598 19990401 <--
     EP 949299
                               A3 20010117
EP 949299 A3 20010117
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
JP 11332975 A2 19991207 JP 1999-98078 19990405 <-- US 2002016596 A1 20020207 US 2001-978415 20011016
PRAI US 1998-55342 A 19980406
US 2000-497080 A3 20000202

AB As besthable biccompatible polymeric matrix has a continuous phase.
```

AB An absorbable biocompatible polymeric matrix has a continuous phase that is preferably amorphous. The matrix also has a disperse phase of low melting biocompatible material that acts as scattering centers for light and melts at a temp. lower than the continuous phase of the matrix. This matrix is esp. useful in a variety of medical devices. When this matrix is heated to about the melting temp. of the dispersed phase the matrix undergoes a visual change. This provides a visual cue to a surgeon using the medical devices as to when the device can be safely shaped or manipulated without imparting undue stress to the device. As the medical devices as the provided in the device of the device. manipulated without imparing undue stress to me device. As the medical device cools below the temp, at which it may be safely deformed the matrix resumes its original appearance signalling that it may no longer be safely shaped or manipulated. Thus, a copolymer was obtained from L-lactide and glycolide and this polymer was blended with poly(epsilon,-caprolactone-cop-dioxanone). The blend was used to manuf. medical screws, pins, etc.

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L13 ANSWER 29 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
   1999:419378 CAPLUS
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DN 132:227353

TI Effects of added basic fibroblast growth factor on artificial demis
AU Kawai, Katsuya; Suzuki, Sigehiko; Tabata, Yasuhiko; Ikada, Yoshito;
Nishimura, Yoshihiko

CS Grad. Sch. Med., Kyoto Univ., Japan SO Nessho ( \*\*\*1999\*\*\* ), 25(2), 54-62 CODEN: NESHEG; ISSN: 0285-113X

PB Nippon Nessho Gakkai DT Journal

DT Journal

LA Japanese

AB BFGF was impregnated in biodegradable gelatin microspheres for sustained-release. The artificial dermis contg. bFGF (100 .mu.g) in free and impregnated form in gelatin microspheres, were implanted into skin defects measuring 2 times. 2 cm2 in guinea pig back. The results indicated that topical application of bFGF accelerates proliferation of fibroblasts and capillaries, and that bFGF impregnated in gelatin microspheres induces tissue regeneration and neovascularization more rapidly than free bFGF.

L13 ANSWER 30 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1999:291052 CAPLUS

DN 131:128844

TI Effects of immunoregulatory cytokines on the immunogenic potential of the

Effects of immunoregulatory cytokines on the immunogenic potential of the cellular components of a bilayered living skin equivalent
AU Laning, Joseph C.; DeLuca, Jennifer E.; Hardin-Young, Janet
CS Research and Development, Division of Immunology and Transplantation Sciences, Organogenesis, Inc., Canton, MA, USA
SO Tissue Engineering ( \*\*\*1999\*\*\* ), 5(2), 171-181
CODEN: TIENFP; ISSN: 1076-3279
PB Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.

DT Journal

English

AB The purpose of this study was to det. if the immunocompatibility of an allogeneic living skin equiv. (LSE) (Apligraf) would be affected by cytokines that would be potentially present at the wound site. Specifically, the ability of interleukin-1.alpha. (IL-1.alpha.),

interleukin-6 (IL-6), or interleukin-12 (IL-12) to induce an allogeneic T cell response to "nonprofessional" antigen presenting cells (APC) was investigated in this series of expts. Since cytokine concns. at the wound site can vary greatly, recombinant IL-1 alpha, IL-6, and IL-12 were used over a wide range of concns. These cytokines were either added directly to a mixed lymphocyte reaction (MLR) culture system or used to pretreat APC prior to use in the MLR culture. The addn of IL-12, IL-1 alpha, or IL-6 into an MLR was examd. as a possible means of providing the necessary costimulatory signal for functionally deficient APC, such as human keratinocytes (HK) and dermal fibroblasts (HF). While the results show that IL-1 alpha, and IL-12 can significantly augment a primary allogeneic response against appropriately equipped antigen presenting cells, the same was not true for HK or HF. Further expts. showed that pretreatment of HK, HF, or human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC) with interferon-gamma. (IFN gamma,) and either IL-12, IL1 alpha, or IL-6 had no significant affect on their ability to present alloantigen to immune-reactive T lymphocytes over IFN gamma-treatment alone. The data suggest that exposure of HK or HF to IL-1 alpha, IL-6, or IL-12 in combination with IFN gamma, does not provide the addnl. signal(s) required by these cells to effectively present alloantigen to unprimed T cells. interleukin-6 (IL-6), or interleukin-12 (IL-12) to induce an allogeneic T The data suggests that exposure to these immunoregulatory cytokines in the wound bed would be unlikely to affect the immuno-compatibility of the LSE.

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L13 ANSWER 31 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
   1999:21716 CAPLUS
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130:86209

Absorbable, biocompatible aliphatic polyesters of trimethylene carbonate, epsilon-caprolactone and glycolide and their medical use
 Erneta, Modesto; Vhora, Idrish A.

PA Ethicon, Inc., USA

D. U.S., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

A 19981229 A1 19990414 PI US 5854383 US 1997-944792 19971006 <--EP 908482 P 908482 A1 19990414 EP 1998-308074 19981005 <--R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO PRAI US 1997-944792 A 19971006

AB Absorbable, segmented copolymers comprising glycolide (I), trimethylene carbonate (II) and epsilon caprolactone (III), exhibit a broad range of properties, esp. high strength, low modulus, and fast in vivo absorption, and have a variety of medical uses. The absorbable, segmented copolymers can be processed into filaments, films, foams and molded articles for surgical and medical applications such as burn dressings, fascial substitutes, liver hemostasis devices, bandages, arterial grafts or substitutes, sutures, etc. Thus, a segmented copolymer made by three-stage polymn. of the compn., III:II: 26:10:12, I 12, and I 40 mol% with heat and changes activated. with heat and stannous cotoate catalyst, was extruded and drawn into size 4-0 sutures with orientation. The sutures give 45.0% elongation, 84.7 kpsi modulus, 3.939 lbs straight tensile (0 day), 2.18 lbs (12 days), and 4.53 lbs (0 day) after annealing at 90 degree, for 6 h at 5% relaxation.

CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECNT 5 RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L13 ANSWER 32 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1998:786899 CAPLUS
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DN 130:187055

TI Fibers for tissue repair

AU Yoshioka, Toshio CS Medical Devices and Diagnostics Research Lab., Toray Industries Inc.,

SO Sen'i Gakkaishi(\*\*\*1998\*\*\*), 54(11), P/401-P/403 CODEN: SENGA5; ISSN: 0037-9875

PB Sen'i Gakkai

Journal; General Review

Japanese

A review with 9 refs. discussing surgical sutures, hemostatic fibers, \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* blood vessels, \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* and AB \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* bones.

L13 ANSWER 33 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1998:706548 CAPLUS

DN 130:107004

TI Future aspects of biomedical and health-care fibers

AU Hayashi, Toshio
CS Research Inst. for Advanced Science Technology, Osaka Prefecture Univ.,

SO Sen'i Gakkaishi ( \*\*\*1998\*\*\* ), 54(10), P344-P349 CODEN: SENGA5; ISSN: 0037-9875

PB Sen'i Gakkai

DT Journal; General Review

Japanese

AB A review with 10 refs. on applications of synthetic polymers in biomedicine (eg. \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* and blood \*\*\*vessel\*\*\*) and health care.

covalently coupled to IAS. We demonstrate the high affinity and covalently coupled to IAS. We demonstrate the nign attinity and selectivity of this RGD-contg. peptide in cell attachment and migration assays. In a guinea pig full thickness excisional wound healing model, we demonstrate that peptide-modified IAS promotes increased \*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\* by approx. 2 to 3-fold compared to the unmodified templates. Manipulation of these demail regeneration templates with L13 ANSWER 34 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1998:664546 CAPLUS DN 130:17196 TI In vitro reconstruction of a human capillary-like network in a tissue-engineered skin equivalent AU Black, Annie F.; Berthod, Francois; L'Heureux, Nicolas; Germain, Lucie; RGD-contg. peptides could be expected to increase both
\*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\* and the efficacy of these devices for wound repair Auger, Francus A.

CS Laboratoire d'Organogenese Experimentale/LOEX, Centre Hospitalier Affilie,
Pavillon Saint-Sacrement and Department of Surgery, Faculty of Medicine,
Laval University, Quebec City, QC, G1S 4L8, Can.

SO FASEB Journal (\*\*\*1988\*\*\*\*\*), 12(13), 1331-1340

CODEN: FAJOEC; ISSN: 0892-6638 L13 ANSWER 37 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1998:314499 CAPLUS DN 129:5003 PB Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology DT Journal TI Hydrogels of crosslinked absorbable polyoxaesters, their blends, and Jamiolkowski, Dennis D.; Bezwada, Rao S. LA English PA Ethicon, Inc., USA AB For patients with extensive burns, wound coverage with an autologous in vitro reconstructed skin made of both dermis and epidermis should be the best alternative to split-thickness graft. Unfortunately, various SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW obstacles have delayed the widespread use of composite skin substitutes. DT Patent LA English Insufficient vascularization has been proposed as the most likely reason for their unreliable survival. Our purpose was to develop a vascular-like PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE network inside tissue-engineered skin in order to improve graft vascularization. To reach this aim, we fabricated a collagen biopolymer P 841359 A1 19980513 EP 1997-308891 19971105 <--R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, in which 3 human cell types-keratinocytes, dermal fibroblasts, and umbilical vein endothelial cells-were cocultured. We demonstrated that PL EP 841359 the endothelialized skin equiv. (ESE) promoted spontaneous formation of IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO AU 9744377 A1 19980514 AU 1997-44377 19971106 <-JP 10158375 A2 19980616 JP 1997-319145 19971106 <-BR 9705441 A 19990629 BR 1997-5441 19971106 <-ZA 9710017 A 20000807 ZA 1997-10017 19971106 <-PRAI US 1996-744289 A 19961106
AB Crosslinked aliph, polyoyaasters and the second control of the second contr CA 1997-2220351 19971106 <-capillary-like structures in a highly differentiated extracellular matrix.
Immunohistochem, anal, and transmission electron microscopy of the ESE showed characteristics assocd, with the microvasculature in vivo (von Willebrand factor, Weibel-Palade bodies, basement membrane material, and intercellular junctions). We developed the first endothelialized human tissue-engineered skin in which a network of capillary-like tubes is formed. The transplantation of this ESE on human should accelerate graft AB Crosslinked aliph, polyoxaesters and their blends may be used to produce hydrogels, surgical devices such as sutures, sutures with attached needles, molded devices, and the like. Polyglycol diacid (mol. wt. revascularization by inosculation of its preexisting capillary-like network with the patient's own blood vessels, as it is obsd. with .appx,619) 123.8, diethylene glycol 62.07 g, and dibutyltin oxide 9.96 mg were heated at 180-200.degree. under N to give a polyoxaester with an inherent viscosity 0.70 dL/g (hexafluoroisopropanol, 25.degree).

RE CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS autografts. In addn., the ESE turns out to be a promising in vitro \*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\* model.
RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L13 ANSWER 35 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1998:531643 CAPLUS L13 ANSWER 38 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DN 129:280932 AN 1998:147349 CAPLUS TI RGD-enhanced Integra \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* DN 128:201067 \*\*\*skin\*\* Tochopp, J. F.; Cahn, Fred; Pierschbacher, Michael
 Integra Life-Sciences Corp., Plainsboro, NJ, 08356, USA
 Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry) (\*\*\*1998\*\*\*), 39(2), 255
 CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934 Osteopontin-derived chemotactic peptides and methods for treatment of chemotaxis-associated diseases Ashkar, Samy PA Children's Medical Center Corporation, USA; Ashkar, Samy PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 PB American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry DT Patent DT Journal LA English FAN.CNT 1 English LA English

AB Integra \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\*, now in clin. use, is an
example of a tissue-regeneration approach to tissue engineering. Integra
\*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* is a bilayer membrane skin replacement APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE WO 9807750 WO 1997-US14742 19970821 <--A1 19980226 system that permanently replaces injured skin with functional autologous tissue. The dermal regeneration layer is composed of crosslinked W: AU, CA, JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

U 9739869

A1 19980306

AU 1997-39869

19970821 <-
U 737694

B2 20010830

P 920452

A1 19990609

EP 1997-937338

19970821 <-collagen-glycosaminoglycan copolymer having a controlled pore size and degrdn, rate that promotes tissue ingrowth without causing an inflammatory AU 9739869 AU 737694 response. The temporary substitute epidermal layer is composed of synthetic polysiloxane polymer. This product illustrates the principle of using matrix design to impact tissue regeneration for a specific application. Adhesion of the \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* is EP 920452 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IF FI enhanced by coupling RGD peptides to lysine side-chains of the protein.
This also enhanced \*\*\*angiogenesis\*\*\*

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS PRAI US 1996-23427P P WO 1997-US14742 W 19960822 19970821 OS MARPAT 128:201067 AB Osteopontin-derived chemotactic peptides are described. The peptides (or RECORD antagonists thereof) a useful in treating conditions or diseases assocd, with chemotaxis. The peptides may be used to e.g. treat tumor metastasis ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT and to promote wound healing.

CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS L13 ANSWER 36 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1998;528126 CAPLUS
TI RGD-enhanced integra \*\*\*artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*skin\*\*\* (IAS) AU Tschopp, J. F.; Pierschbacher, M. D.
CS Telios Pharmaceuticals, Inc., San Diego, CA, 92121-1299, USA
SO Book of Abstracts, 216th ACS National Meeting, Boston, August 23-27 (
\*\*\*1998\*\*\*\* ), POLY-415 Publisher: American Chemical Society, Washington, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L13 ANSWER 39 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1997:733671 CAPLUS DN 127:362500 CODEN: 66KYA2 TI Artificial organs using cultured animal cells DT Conference; Meeting Abstract AU Funatsu, Kazumori, Matsushita, Taku; Ijima, Hiroyuki CS Fac. Eng., Kyushu Univ., Japan SO Shin Tanpakushitsu Oyo Kogaku (\*\*\*1996\*\*\*), 527-532. Editor(s): AB Integra LifeSciences Corporation has commercialized one of the first tissue engineering products, INTEGRA \*\*\*Artificial\*\*\* \*\*\*Skin\*\*\* (IAS), now in clin. use. IAS is a bilayer membrane skin replacement Hatano, Masahiro. Publisher: Fuji, Tekuno Shisutemu, Tokyo, Japan. CODEN: 65GMA7

system that permanently replaces injured skin with functional autologous

tissue. The dermal regeneration layer is composed of crosslinked collagen-glycosaminoglycan copolymer having a controlled pore size and

capacity. We have characterized, in vitro and in vivo, the biol. activity of an .alpha.v.beta.3 integrin-selective, RGD contg., synthetic peptide

degrdn. rate that promotes tissue ingrowth without causing an inflammatory

response. Our proposed approach combines new polymer technol, with new, conformationally stabilized peptides that have specific integrin binding

L13 ANSWER 40 OF 65 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1997;262668 CAPLUS

AB A review with 30 refs. on the development of hybrid-type
\*\*\*artificial\*\*\* liver, pancreas, \*\*\*skin\*\*\* , and blood

Conference; General Review

LA Japanese

\*\*\*vessel\*\*\*

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DN 126:321105
  TI Absorbable polyoxaesters for manufacture of surgical devices
IN Bezwada, Rao S.; Jamiolkowski, Dennis D.
PA Ethicon, Inc., USA
SO U.S., 10 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 554,011, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM
  DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 15
PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                             APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                                                 KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                                      US 1996-611530 19960305 <--
US 1995-399308 19950306 <--
CN 1996-121683 19961105 <--
    PI US 5618552
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              US 5464929
CN 1154385
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19970716
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A 19980505
AA 19970905
            CN 1154385 A
ZA 9609297 A
CA 2198989 AA
EP 794208 A2
EP 794208 A3
R: DE, FR, GB, IT
AU 719104 B2
JP 10053642 A2
ZA 9701870 A
                                                                                                                                                    ZA 1996-9297 19961105 <--
CA 1997-2198989 19970303 <--
EP 1997-301426 19970304 <--
                                                                              A2 19970910
A3 19971229
R: DE, FR, GB, IT
AU 9715074 A1 19970911 AU 1997-15074 19970304 <--
AU 719104 B2 2000504
JP 10053642 A2 19980224 JP 1997-63931 19970304 <--
ZA 9701870 A 19981204 ZA 1997-1870 19970304 <--
BR 9701169 A 19981215 BR 1997-1169 19970304 <--
CN 1166504 A 19971203 CN 1997-109520 19970305 <--
PRAI US 1995-399308 A2 19950306
US 1995-554011 B2 19951106
US 1995-611530 A 19960305
AB A new aliph. polyoxaesters (Markush structure given) that is bioabsorbable and may be used to produce surgical devices such as sutures, sutures with attached needles, molded devices, and the like is claimed. Polyglycol diacid (mol. wt. about 619) 123.8, diethylene glycol 62.07 g, and dibutylin oxide 9.96 mg were heated at 180.degree.-200.degree. under N until a polymer with an inherent viscosity of 0.70 dL/g (as detd. in hexafluoroisopropanol at 25.degree.) was obtained.
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Connection closed by remote host

---Logging off of STN---

END

Unable to generate the STN prompt. Exiting the script...